# SG-3071 Isolated Voltage Input/Output Module User's Manual

#### Introduction

The SG-3071 is a voltage input to voltage or current output signal conditioning module. It has 1000Vdc three-way isolation for input, output and power. And can change the input/output range via internal configuration switches.

The SG-3071 has an LED display to show whether the SG-3071 is functioning correctly and has two VRs (Zero, Span) to calibrate the input/output range accuracy.

The bandwidth of the SG-3071 is typically 3KHz. It's easy to mount the SG-3071 on a standard DIN rail and can operate in environments with wide temperature range.

#### **Specifications**

#### Voltage input:

Bipolar: ±5V, ±10V
Unipolar: 0~5V, 0~10V
Input impedance: 2MΩ

Input bandwidth: 3KHz (typical)@-3dB

#### Voltage output:

Bipolar: ±5V, ±10V
Drive: 10mA (max.)
Output impedance: <50Ω</li>

#### **Current Output:**

■ Current: 0 ~ 20mA, 4 ~ 20mA

■ Current load resistor: 0~500 Ω (Source)

#### General

■ Three-way isolation: 1000 Vdc

Accuracy: ±0.1% of full range (typical)
 Operation temperature range:-25°C ~75°C

■ Storage temperature range:-30°C~85°C

Operation bandwidth: 3KHz

■ Weight: 94 gram

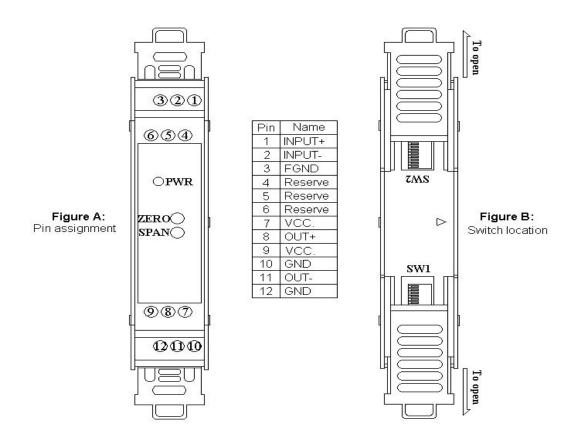
#### **Supply Voltage**

Input Range: 10~30Vdc@24Vdc (Typical)
 Consumption: 1.80W (voltage output)
 2.30W (current output)

## **Configuration**

The terminal wiring for the SG-3071 is shown in Figure A. Positive power terminals pins 7 and 9 are internally connected, as are negative pins 10 and 12. Power can be connected through the adjacent modules, making wiring much easier. The SG-3071 uses a power input range of 10~30Vdc.

Table 1 shows the switch positions used to configure the input and output range. The I/O configuration switches are located inside the module. And can be accessed by removing the DIN-rail bracket covers by sliding them in the direction shown in Figure B.



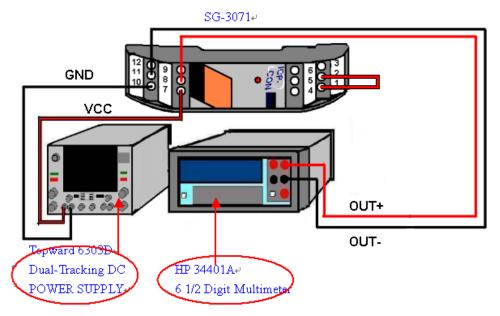
|   | SG3071                   | Range (SW1) |   |          |          |          | Range (SW2) |   |   |          |          |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|---|----------|----------|----------|-------------|---|---|----------|----------|
|   | Input To Output<br>Range | 1           | 2 | 3        | 4        | 5        | 1           | 2 | 3 | 4        | 5        |
|   | ±10V/±10V                |             | • | •        |          |          |             | • |   |          |          |
|   | ±10V/±5V                 |             | • | •        |          |          | •           |   |   |          |          |
| * | ±5V/±5V                  |             | • | <b>♦</b> |          |          |             | • |   |          |          |
|   | ±5V/±10V                 |             | • | <b>♦</b> |          |          |             |   | • |          |          |
|   | 0~10V/4~20mA             | <b>•</b>    |   |          | <b>•</b> | <b>♦</b> |             | • |   | <b>•</b> |          |
|   | 0~10V/0~20mA             |             |   |          | •        | <b>♦</b> | •           |   |   |          | <b>♦</b> |
|   | 0~5V/4~20mA              | <b>♦</b>    |   |          | •        | •        |             |   | • | •        |          |
|   | 0~5V / 0~20mA            |             |   |          | •        | •        |             | • |   |          | <b>♦</b> |
|   |                          |             |   |          |          |          |             |   | _ | : ON     |          |

Table 1: Input to output range (SW1 \cdot 2)

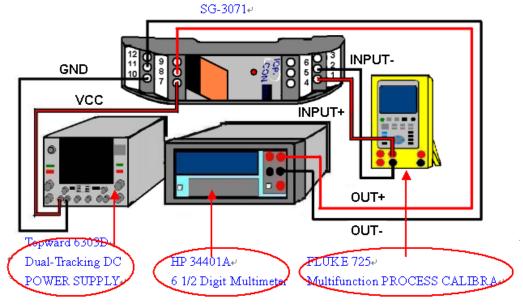
\* Factory default setting

2

# **Calibration Procedure**



**Figure C:**Offset Regulate

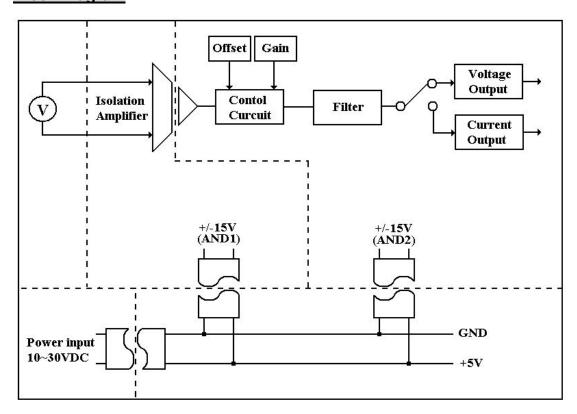


**Figure D**: Gain Regulate

- 1. Refer to figure C to adjust the offset value.
  - (1) Connect pin7 to the +24Vdc connection and pin 10 to GND.
  - (2) Connect pin8 and pin 11 to the meter.
  - (3) Use wire to connect pins 1 and 2.
  - (4) Changing the SW1 and SW2 depends on your input/output range. Watch the value of the meter and adjust the VR1 (ZERO) value to the minimum value of this range.

- 2. Refer to figure D to adjust the gain value.
  - (1) Connect pin7 to the +24Vdc connection and pin 10 to GND.
  - (2) Connect pin8 and pin 11 to the meter.
  - (3) Connect pins 1 and 2 to input source.
  - (4) Changing the SW1 and SW2 depends on your Input/Output range. Watch the value of the meter and adjust the VR2 (SPAN) value to the maximum value of this range.

## **Block Diagram**



# **Dimensions**

